

Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

4-Chloro-2-hydroxy-*N*-(4-methylphenyl)-benzamideAbdul Rauf Raza,<sup>a</sup> Bushra Nisar,<sup>a</sup> M. Nawaz Tahir<sup>b\*</sup> and Sumaira Shamshad<sup>a</sup><sup>a</sup>University of Sargodha, Department of Chemistry, Sargodha, Pakistan, and<sup>b</sup>University of Sargodha, Department of Physics, Sargodha, Pakistan

Correspondence e-mail: dmntahir\_uos@yahoo.com

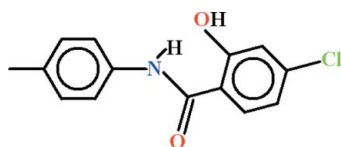
Received 8 January 2012; accepted 8 January 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 296$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.056;  $wR$  factor = 0.163; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.1.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{ClNO}_2$ , the dihedral angle between the aromatic rings is  $14.87(11)^\circ$  and an intramolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bond generates an  $S(6)$  ring. In the crystal, molecules are linked by  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds, generating  $C(6)$  chains propagating along the  $c$ -axis direction.

## Related literature

For related structures, see: Raza *et al.* (2010, 2011). For graph-set notation, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{ClNO}_2$   
 $M_r = 261.70$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 13.8553(12)$  Å  
 $b = 7.6197(7)$  Å  
 $c = 12.0114(11)$  Å  
 $\beta = 104.937(5)^\circ$

$V = 1225.23(19)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.30$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 296$  K  
 $0.34 \times 0.14 \times 0.12$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.979$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.988$

10366 measured reflections  
 2988 independent reflections  
 1832 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.048$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.056$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.163$   
 $S = 1.02$   
 2988 reflections

165 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.39$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.21$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O1}$	0.86	1.96	2.658 (3)	138
$\text{O1}-\text{H1A}\cdots\text{O2}^i$	0.82	1.85	2.664 (2)	173

Symmetry code: (i)  $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997) and PLATON (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999) and PLATON.

The authors acknowledge the provision of funds for the purchase of diffractometer and encouragement by Dr Muhammad Akram Chaudhary, Vice Chancellor, University of Sargodha, Pakistan. The authors also acknowledge the technical support provided by Syed Muhammad Hussain Rizvi of Bana International, Karachi, Pakistan. ARR also acknowledges the Higher Education Commission, Government of Pakistan, for generous support of a research project (20–819).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6597).

## References

- Bernstein, J., Davis, R. E., Shimon, L. & Chang, N.-L. (1995). *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl.* **34**, 1555–1573.  
 Bruker (2009). APEX2, SAINT and SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc. Madison, Wisconsin, USA.  
 Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.  
 Farrugia, L. J. (1999). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **32**, 837–838.  
 Raza, A. R., Nisar, B. & Tahir, M. N. (2011). *Acta Cryst.* **E67**, o2253.  
 Raza, A. R., Nisar, B., Tahir, M. N. & Shamshad, S. (2010). *Acta Cryst.* **E66**, o2922.  
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.  
 Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **D65**, 148–155.

**supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2012). E68, o391 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536812000773 ]

## 4-Chloro-2-hydroxy-*N*-(4-methylphenyl)benzamide

A. R. Raza, B. Nisar, M. N. Tahir and S. Shamshad

### Comment

We have reported the crystal structures of (II) *i.e.*, 2-hydroxy-*N*-(4-methylphenyl)benzamide (Raza *et al.*, 2011) and (III) *i.e.*, *N*-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxybenzamide (Raza *et al.*, 2010) which are related to the title compound (I, Fig. 1). This compound has been prepared as a precursor for the synthesis of symmetric as well as asymmetric benzoxazepines.

In (I), the 3-chlorophenol group A (C1–C6/CL1/O1) and 4-methylanilinic group B (C8–C14) are roughly planar with r. m. s. deviations of 0.014 and 0.031 Å, respectively. The dihedral angle between A/B is 14.87 (11)°. The central formamide moiety C (O2/C7/N1) is of course planar. The dihedral angle between A/C and B/C is 7.59 (24)° and 18.74 (24)°, respectively. There exist intramolecular H-bondings of N–H···O and C–H···O types (Table 1, Fig. 1) completing S(6) ring motifs (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). There exists inter-molecular H-bondings of O–H···O type (Table 1, Fig. 2) due to which the molecules are linked in the form of one dimensional polymeric chains extending along the crystallographic *c* axis.

### Experimental

The solution of 4-methylaniline (0.38 g, 4.0 mmol, 0.75 eq) in dry CHCl<sub>3</sub> and dry Et<sub>3</sub>N (1 ml, 0.73 g, 7.0 mmol, 1.5 eq) was added slowly at room temperature to a mixture of 4-chloro-2-hydroxybenzoic acid (0.83 g, 5.0 mmol, 1 eq), SOCl<sub>2</sub> (3.24 ml, 5.28 g, 44.0 mmol, 1.2 eq) and catalytic amount of dimethylformamide (1 drop) followed by 4 h reflux. After completion of reaction, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, neutralized with aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (10%), extracted with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (3×25 ml). The organic layer was combined, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford crude product. The column chromatographic purification with 5% EtOAc in hexane (2 L) over a silica gel packed column (23 cm length) afforded the title compound I as a white crystalline solid in the 18–59<sup>th</sup> fractions (50 ml each).

### Refinement

Although H atoms were appeared in difference Fourier map but were positioned geometrically with (O–H = 0.82, N–H = 0.86 and C–H = 0.93–0.96 Å) and refined as riding with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ , where  $x = 1.5$  for hydroxy & methyl H-atoms and  $x = 1.2$  for other H atoms.

### Figures

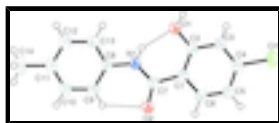


Fig. 1. View of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. The dotted line indicate the intramolecular H-bond.

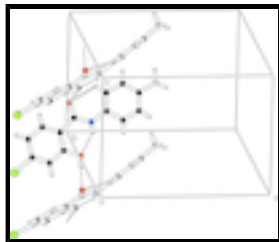


Fig. 2. The partial packing showing polymeric chains extending along the *c*-axis.

## 4-Chloro-2-hydroxy-*N*-(4-methylphenyl)benzamide

### Crystal data

$C_{14}H_{12}ClNO_2$

$M_r = 261.70$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 13.8553$  (12) Å

$b = 7.6197$  (7) Å

$c = 12.0114$  (11) Å

$\beta = 104.937$  (5)°

$V = 1225.23$  (19) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 544$

$D_x = 1.419$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 1243 reflections

$\theta = 1.1$ – $27.9$ °

$\mu = 0.30$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 296$  K

Block, colorless

$0.34 \times 0.14 \times 0.12$  mm

### Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
graphite

Detector resolution: 7.6 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>

$\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)

$T_{\min} = 0.979$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.988$

10366 measured reflections

2988 independent reflections

1832 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.048$

$\theta_{\max} = 28.3$ °,  $\theta_{\min} = 3.0$ °

$h = -18 \rightarrow 17$

$k = -10 \rightarrow 10$

$l = -15 \rightarrow 15$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.056$

$wR(F^2) = 0.163$

$S = 1.02$

2988 reflections

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct  
methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring  
sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0803P)^2 + 0.1504P]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

165 parameters

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.39 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

0 restraints

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

### Special details

**Geometry.** Bond distances, angles *etc.* have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	-0.34725 (5)	0.76527 (10)	-0.20816 (6)	0.0577 (3)
O1	0.02457 (12)	0.6924 (3)	-0.03254 (14)	0.0433 (6)
O2	0.00477 (12)	0.9612 (3)	0.26357 (13)	0.0429 (6)
N1	0.11035 (14)	0.8338 (3)	0.17119 (16)	0.0362 (7)
C1	-0.06586 (16)	0.8587 (3)	0.07420 (18)	0.0307 (7)
C2	-0.06343 (17)	0.7590 (3)	-0.02354 (19)	0.0309 (7)
C3	-0.15057 (17)	0.7321 (3)	-0.1100 (2)	0.0369 (8)
C4	-0.23926 (18)	0.8024 (3)	-0.1004 (2)	0.0395 (8)
C5	-0.24347 (18)	0.9064 (4)	-0.0066 (2)	0.0433 (9)
C6	-0.15738 (17)	0.9312 (3)	0.0788 (2)	0.0378 (8)
C7	0.01973 (17)	0.8882 (3)	0.17747 (19)	0.0330 (7)
C8	0.20016 (17)	0.8321 (3)	0.25990 (19)	0.0336 (7)
C9	0.21756 (18)	0.9335 (3)	0.3585 (2)	0.0398 (8)
C10	0.30691 (19)	0.9134 (4)	0.4426 (2)	0.0442 (9)
C11	0.38017 (19)	0.7971 (4)	0.4309 (2)	0.0447 (9)
C12	0.36287 (19)	0.7055 (4)	0.3288 (2)	0.0498 (9)
C13	0.27424 (19)	0.7211 (3)	0.2442 (2)	0.0440 (8)
C14	0.4741 (2)	0.7698 (4)	0.5263 (3)	0.0643 (11)
H1	0.11427	0.79538	0.10518	0.0435*
H1A	0.01808	0.65337	-0.09769	0.0649*
H3	-0.14878	0.66625	-0.17466	0.0443*
H5	-0.30317	0.95784	-0.00191	0.0519*
H6	-0.16000	0.99904	0.14229	0.0454*
H9	0.17007	1.01407	0.36852	0.0478*
H10	0.31781	0.98082	0.50924	0.0531*
H12	0.41224	0.63092	0.31648	0.0598*
H13	0.26452	0.65658	0.17647	0.0528*
H14A	0.52971	0.75280	0.49345	0.0964*
H14B	0.46641	0.66814	0.57041	0.0964*
H14C	0.48596	0.87099	0.57550	0.0964*

## supplementary materials

---

### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C11	0.0388 (4)	0.0747 (6)	0.0499 (4)	-0.0043 (3)	-0.0061 (3)	-0.0010 (4)
O1	0.0351 (9)	0.0606 (12)	0.0338 (10)	0.0033 (8)	0.0084 (7)	-0.0120 (9)
O2	0.0414 (10)	0.0602 (12)	0.0272 (9)	0.0023 (9)	0.0092 (7)	-0.0060 (8)
N1	0.0368 (11)	0.0452 (13)	0.0260 (10)	-0.0010 (9)	0.0068 (8)	-0.0022 (9)
C1	0.0343 (12)	0.0321 (13)	0.0252 (12)	-0.0021 (10)	0.0070 (9)	0.0041 (10)
C2	0.0314 (12)	0.0324 (13)	0.0294 (12)	-0.0004 (9)	0.0089 (9)	0.0042 (10)
C3	0.0388 (13)	0.0418 (15)	0.0294 (13)	-0.0043 (11)	0.0078 (10)	-0.0026 (10)
C4	0.0348 (13)	0.0446 (15)	0.0358 (14)	-0.0041 (11)	0.0034 (10)	0.0053 (11)
C5	0.0346 (14)	0.0503 (17)	0.0444 (15)	0.0045 (11)	0.0093 (11)	0.0018 (12)
C6	0.0395 (13)	0.0400 (14)	0.0341 (13)	0.0025 (11)	0.0098 (10)	-0.0020 (11)
C7	0.0386 (13)	0.0331 (13)	0.0284 (12)	-0.0039 (10)	0.0108 (10)	0.0054 (10)
C8	0.0352 (12)	0.0374 (14)	0.0276 (12)	-0.0045 (10)	0.0071 (10)	0.0026 (10)
C9	0.0386 (14)	0.0428 (15)	0.0374 (14)	-0.0022 (11)	0.0088 (11)	-0.0047 (11)
C10	0.0453 (15)	0.0510 (17)	0.0338 (14)	-0.0094 (12)	0.0056 (11)	-0.0053 (12)
C11	0.0385 (14)	0.0516 (16)	0.0394 (15)	-0.0056 (12)	0.0017 (11)	0.0051 (12)
C12	0.0364 (14)	0.0592 (18)	0.0513 (17)	0.0051 (12)	0.0066 (12)	-0.0047 (14)
C13	0.0418 (14)	0.0518 (16)	0.0381 (14)	-0.0005 (12)	0.0098 (11)	-0.0089 (12)
C14	0.0489 (18)	0.074 (2)	0.057 (2)	-0.0018 (15)	-0.0098 (14)	0.0058 (16)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

C11—C4	1.731 (3)	C9—C10	1.390 (4)
O1—C2	1.351 (3)	C10—C11	1.382 (4)
O2—C7	1.238 (3)	C11—C12	1.377 (4)
O1—H1A	0.8200	C11—C14	1.510 (4)
N1—C7	1.343 (3)	C12—C13	1.383 (4)
N1—C8	1.414 (3)	C3—H3	0.9300
N1—H1	0.8600	C5—H5	0.9300
C1—C7	1.496 (3)	C6—H6	0.9300
C1—C6	1.397 (3)	C9—H9	0.9300
C1—C2	1.406 (3)	C10—H10	0.9300
C2—C3	1.390 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
C3—C4	1.372 (3)	C13—H13	0.9300
C4—C5	1.391 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C5—C6	1.371 (3)	C14—H14B	0.9600
C8—C13	1.380 (3)	C14—H14C	0.9600
C8—C9	1.382 (3)		
C2—O1—H1A	109.00	C10—C11—C12	116.9 (2)
C7—N1—C8	127.9 (2)	C12—C11—C14	121.6 (3)
C7—N1—H1	116.00	C11—C12—C13	121.9 (3)
C8—N1—H1	116.00	C8—C13—C12	120.2 (2)
C2—C1—C6	117.6 (2)	C2—C3—H3	120.00
C2—C1—C7	126.1 (2)	C4—C3—H3	120.00
C6—C1—C7	116.2 (2)	C4—C5—H5	121.00

C1—C2—C3	120.0 (2)	C6—C5—H5	121.00
O1—C2—C1	119.1 (2)	C1—C6—H6	119.00
O1—C2—C3	120.9 (2)	C5—C6—H6	119.00
C2—C3—C4	120.3 (2)	C8—C9—H9	120.00
C11—C4—C3	119.57 (18)	C10—C9—H9	120.00
C11—C4—C5	119.4 (2)	C9—C10—H10	119.00
C3—C4—C5	121.1 (2)	C11—C10—H10	119.00
C4—C5—C6	118.3 (2)	C11—C12—H12	119.00
C1—C6—C5	122.6 (2)	C13—C12—H12	119.00
N1—C7—C1	117.4 (2)	C8—C13—H13	120.00
O2—C7—C1	119.5 (2)	C12—C13—H13	120.00
O2—C7—N1	123.1 (2)	C11—C14—H14A	109.00
N1—C8—C9	124.5 (2)	C11—C14—H14B	109.00
N1—C8—C13	116.3 (2)	C11—C14—H14C	110.00
C9—C8—C13	119.2 (2)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.00
C8—C9—C10	119.2 (2)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.00
C9—C10—C11	122.5 (2)	H14B—C14—H14C	110.00
C10—C11—C14	121.5 (2)		
C8—N1—C7—O2	6.7 (4)	C2—C3—C4—C11	-179.23 (18)
C8—N1—C7—C1	-173.7 (2)	C2—C3—C4—C5	2.2 (4)
C7—N1—C8—C9	-20.6 (4)	C11—C4—C5—C6	178.8 (2)
C7—N1—C8—C13	159.8 (2)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-2.7 (4)
C6—C1—C2—O1	177.7 (2)	C4—C5—C6—C1	1.1 (4)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-1.5 (3)	N1—C8—C9—C10	176.5 (2)
C7—C1—C2—O1	-5.5 (4)	C13—C8—C9—C10	-3.9 (4)
C7—C1—C2—C3	175.4 (2)	N1—C8—C13—C12	-177.2 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	1.0 (4)	C9—C8—C13—C12	3.1 (4)
C7—C1—C6—C5	-176.2 (2)	C8—C9—C10—C11	0.9 (4)
C2—C1—C7—O2	-171.4 (2)	C9—C10—C11—C12	2.7 (4)
C2—C1—C7—N1	8.9 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C14	-176.4 (3)
C6—C1—C7—O2	5.5 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-3.5 (4)
C6—C1—C7—N1	-174.1 (2)	C14—C11—C12—C13	175.6 (3)
O1—C2—C3—C4	-179.2 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C8	0.7 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.1 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—H1 $\cdots$ O1	0.86	1.96	2.658 (3)	138
O1—H1A $\cdots$ O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.82	1.85	2.664 (2)	173

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, -y+3/2, z-1/2$ .

Fig. 1

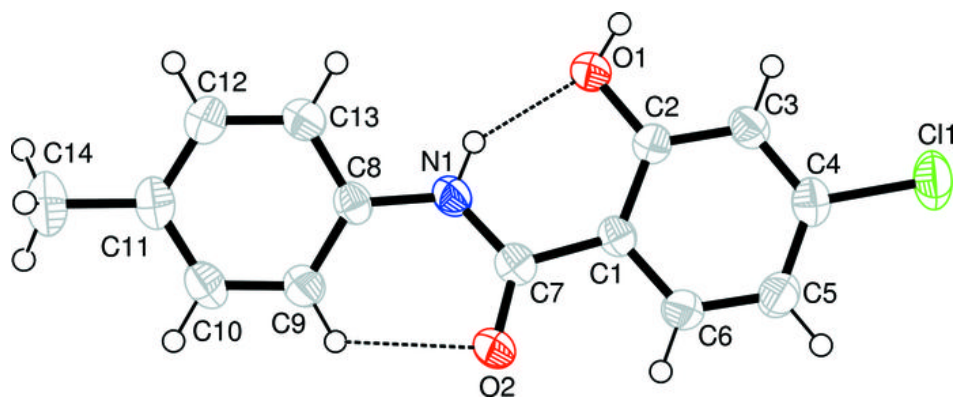




Fig. 2

